HOW THEY MAKE UP

Lawyers Settle All Their Disputes Over a Glass of Lemonade.

SO SAYS GEORGE ELPHINSTONE.

An Incident of the Lawrenceville Murder Trial Yesterday.

A BANK'S BIG SUIT TO RECOVER MONEY

The Carter murder trial was continued in Criminal Court yesterday and progressed very slowly during the day, owing in part to the disagreements of District Attorney Porter and Attorney Johnson, who were continually interfering with each other in the matter of witnesses. Willis Johnson, the colored puddler, who was on the stand on Thursday, continued his testimony yesterday, which was to the effect that the defendant was always fooling with the men in the mill, but he never saw him bother Gross

James Johnson, who works in the Solar Iron Works, identified the pistol with which the shooting was done, as being his. It was taken out of his cost pocket during the morning and was handed back to him by

Carter after the shooting.

Officer John McAndrews, who arrested the prisoner, identified the revolver. William Wagner, who was working near where Carter and Gross stood, testified to hearing some words between the men and shortly after he heard a shot. Edward White, who is in the patrol service, identified the re-volver as the one handed him by the officer at the time Carter was placed in the patrol

wagon.

At this point the Commonwealth rested, and George Elphinstone, Esq., addressed the jury for the defense. He warned the jurors to take no heed of the disputes by the attorneys, as they were of no importance and were generally settled over a glass of lemon-ade. Mr. Elphinstone stated that they expected to prove that the shooting was acci-dental. He also was raking District Attornev Porter for the manner in which he read Gross' dying declaration, when Mr. Porter objected, and quite a lively argument took place. The Court sustained the objection. William Ray was the first witness called for the defense. He testified to having been employed in the Solar Iron Works and was there on the day of the shooting. Carter and Willis Johnson were playing when Gross got into the conversation, and he heard a shot fired. Gross told him that he was shot, but witness did not at first believe him. The deceased finally called out to catch him, as he was going to fall; he was too far away, however, and Carter and Johnson caught him and laid him down. Gross told the witness that "Johnny" shot him, but he did not know what for. He told him this three times. He heard

but did not get him to swerve from his story.

After hearing this witness Court adjourned until this morning.

the remarks between Johnson and Carter about "doing" his big brother, but thought

they were in fun. District Attorney Porter

spent an hour cross-examining the witness,

Against a New Rallroad.

A hearing will be held Friday afternoon in the law office of N. W. Shafer, No. 93 Diamond street, before a board of viewers, who will assess the damages in a case of Mrs. Captain Grace and Mrs. William Walker against the Belle Vernon Railroad. The Belle Vernon road is a feeder of the Pittsburg, McKeesport and Youghiogheny Railroad and commences at McKeesport It runs along the Monongahela river bank and through Elizabeth borough. The plaintiffs are property holders in Elizabeth and claim that the railroad company encroached on their rights, damaging their property to the amount of about \$7,000, and made no reparation whatever.

Interpreter Laty Wine.

Court Interpreter Fred Luty received a jury trial yesterday in the insanity proceedings instituted against him by his wife. An inquisition had been held and he had been declared a lunatic. Recently he filed a petition claiming that he had fully recovered, and asking that the finding of the inquisition be set aside, also that there be a jury trial of the ease. The matter was heard yesterday, and the jury found for Luty, thus making him, legally, a sane man

Galloway Gets His Liberty.

C. C. Dickey, Esq., yesterday appeared before Judge Magee and asked that John Galloway, who shot Wm. Dunn, one of the Duquesne strikers, be released from jail on bail. Drs. Patterson and Gladden, the attending physicians, testified that Dunn was out of danger. An order was made admitting Galloway to bail in the sum of \$5,000.

A Blg Suit.

The Altegheny National Bank yesterday entered suit against the Keystone Coal Company to recover \$19,050 on promissory notes and bonds. The coal company is composed of James N. Bailey, Thomas Fawcett, Sam-uel S. Brown and James L. Marshall.

Legal Tender.

In the suit of E. T. Lippert against the Acme Machine Works, an action on a contract, a ver-dict was rendered for the plaintiff yesterday for \$479.

A VERDICT for the defendant was given yes-terday in the suit of Mary Heath against John Thomas and wife, an action to recover damages for slander. To-DAY's trial list in the Criminal Court is as

follows: Commonwealth vs. James Lee, George Smith, Louis Pfeil, William A. McClintock, M. Murray, Thomas Richards. THE case of John Bryson against the Penn-

sylvania Railroad Company, lessee of the Pitts-burg, Virginia and Charleston Railroad, is on trial before Judge Ewing. The suit is for dam-ages for injuries resulting from being struck by a train at Honestead. It is claimed that the train was running at a higher rate of speed than allowed by ordinance.

ONE OF THEM FOUND GUILTY. Sam Yip Jah Will Get 35 Years in the Wis-

consin State Prison. MILWAUKEE, May 24 .- Sam Yip Jah, one of the Chinamen charged with assaulting little children and whose arrest some time since led to serious rioting and the demolition of various Chinese laundries, was this morning found guilty. The jury

was out only 11 minutes.

The penalty for the crime is 35 years' imprisonment. Hah Ding, the other Chinese prisoner, will now be placed on trial for a

Worthy of Inspection

Mr. W. W. Wattles, jeweler and import-er, of 30 and 32 Fifth avenue, has just received another shipment of sterling silver pieces, comprising some of the handsomest salad sets. Turkish coffee pots and berry bowls we have ever seen. A look through his silverware room convinced us that he has one of the finest stocks of sterling silver in the city. Intending purchasers should call at 30 and 32 Fifth avenue.

SMOKE the best La Perla del Fumar clear Havana Key West cigars. Three for 25c. G. W. SCHMIDT, 95 and 97 Fifth avenue.

SEINES, nets, tents, fishing tackle—largest issortment—lowest prices. Call or write for orice list. J. H. JOHNSTON, assortment-price list.

Fresh Arrival. Just received from the Anheuser Busch St. Louis brewery a large supply of their celebrated Budweiser beer, in both quarts and pints. For sale at G. W. Schmidt's, Nos. 95 and 97 Fifth avenue, city. CAN'T KEEP SUCH SECRETS.

Cornell's Grent Benefactor Gives \$300,000 More to the University.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 24.—It is the habit of Henry W. Sage, one of Ithaca's millionaires, who has given more to Cornell Uni versity than any other man, to keep his princely deeds secret. To-day the correspondent was informed of another of Mr. respondent was informed of another of Mr. Sage's magnificent benefactions in the shape of a \$300,000 endowment for the library. It has been announced that in the event of the final loss of the McGraw-Fiske suit, involving \$1,300,000 bequeathed to the library, Mr. Sage would pay for the splendid library building, to cost over \$200,000,on,which work has begun. But it has not been made public until now that, in addition to standing the cost of the building. tion to standing the cost of the building, Mr. Sage offers, if the suit is lost, to give the library an endowment of \$300,000.
Thus, at one stroke, he assures to Cornell, an amount greater than the original endowment fund given by Exra Cornell.

dowment fund given by Exra Cornell.

If the McGraw-Fiske suit is won, as is confidently expected, Mr. Sage's half a million will probably come to the University for other purposes, for Henry W. Sage finds his life work in the building up of Cornell University. The giving of this sum will make Mr. Sage's benefactions to the University amount to about \$1,000,000 in cash, besides counsel and services without which the University would be more than that sum poorer.

PRETTY HEAVY VERDICTS.

Damages Amounting to \$32,000 Against the Reading and the Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24.-Two men who were injured through alleged neglect of rail-roads secured verdicts in their favor in the Courts of Common Pleas yesterday. In No. 1 Andrew Quinn secured a verdict for \$12,000 against the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, and in No. 2 Henry Specht

was given a verdict for \$20,000 against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

In the first place Quinn was in the employ of the Reading Company as the engineer of a freight train, and was struck by the pay a freight train, and was struck by the pay train on May 27, 1886, at Monocacy station. He had descended from his engine and while engaged in oiling the machinery was struck by the engine of the pay train, of the ap-proach of which he had received no notice. The other case showed that Specht, in crossing the tracks of the Pennsylvania Com-pany at Tioga street, with his horse and wagon, was struck by a train. His right arm was broken and his right leg so badly injured that it was afterward amputated at

OPEN AIR MEETINGS.

Several of Them Planned by Temperance

People for To-Merrow. An open air meeting in the interest of prohibition will be held at the Ninth ward market house to-morrow evening at 6 o'clock. It will be conducted by Mrs. Jones, and good speakers will be in attend-

A meeting will be held at the Herron Hill reservoir at 3:30 o'clock and at the Centenary M. E. Church in the evening, at which B. C. Christy, Esq., will speak.
T. E. Murphy will speak at Silver Lake
Grove to-morrow afternoon, and in the
South Nineteenth Street Baptist Church in

Brennen is Mad.

When ex-County Chairman W. J. Brennen, of the County Democracy, read the statement of Mr. Magee that some disgruntled Democrats had made the charges of offensive partisanship against Postmaster Larkin he resented it in a vigorous manner. He claimed there was no desire on the part of Democrats to have Mr. Larkin removed.

Mickey Shot a Man.

bootblack named Mickey Cohen, ver terday afternoon, while playing with an airgun, fired a bird shot which struck a gentleman in the eye on Smithfield street. The shot could not be extracted for some time, and the eye was badly injured. The gentieman took the boy to Central station, but refused to prosecute or leave his name, and the culprit was shortly afterward released.

The Doctors Have Come.

Five eminent English and German doctors have permanently located at their residence 315 Penn avenue, Pittsburg. All who visit the doctors before June! will receive service for the first three months free of charge. The object in pursuing this course is to become rapidly acquainted with the afflicted. All new cases who visit the doctors after June 1 will be charged a service fee of \$10 per month. This syndicate of physicians treat every variety of disease and deformity, but will in no instance accept an incurable case. If your malady is be-youd all hope they will frankly tell you so, also caution you against spending more money for unnecessary treatment. Out of 463 invalids who visited the doctors during the last four days 307 were rejected as incur-able. Remember dates and go early as their offices are crowded from morning till night.

Office hours: 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 10 A. M. to 7:30 P. M. P. S. This Government staff of English physicians and surgeons is incorporated by an act of Legislature.

Bedroom Furniture.

We desire you should know where to get atisfied if you are looking for beautiful and late designs in bedroom suits, and unless you are very hard to please you will certainly be satisfied with our bargains in walnut and oak suits and our styles of antique its. M. SEIBERT & Co., Cor. Lacock and Hope sts., Allegheny.

Near railroad bridge.

LA PERLA DEL FUMAR are a high grade Key West cigar, manufactured for those smokers who can appreciate Havana to-bacco in its natural condition. Sold from \$6 50 to \$12 per 100. G. W. SCHMIDT, 95 and 97 Fifth avenue.

REAL ESTATE SAVINGS BANK, LIM.,

401 Smithfield Street, cor. Fourth Avenue Capital, \$100,000. Surplus, \$45,000. Deposits of \$1 and upward received and

interest allowed at 4 per cent. Imported Wines.

Fine Topaz sherry, full quarts, \$1. Fine Spanish port, full quarts, \$1. For sale at G. W. Schmidt's, Nos. 95 and

New Wall Paper. We have just stocked up with all the best things of the various manufacturers, and will be able to meet all demands for nice goods for the summer and autumn trade. We guarantee all our work and give personal attention to the same when so

CRUMBINE, BANE & BASSETT, 416 Wood st. TTS

FROM the morning until night, Upward to the sun's clear light, Longing looks the heliotrope; And all people who like cleanness After a day of world's meanness, Look for: DREYDOPPEL SOAP. To be continued pext Wednesday.

Excursion to Valley Camp On Decoration Day. Round trip tickets 50 cents, good to return on Monday. Hotel open for the day.

FOR finest photos and cravons at lowest prices, patronize Aufrecht's Elite Gallery, 516 Market st., Pittsburg. Use elevator. Bring baby. MWFSSu

Guns and revolvers carefully repaired, guns for hire, tents for sale, at J. H. Johnston's Great Western Gun Works, 706

MEN'S balbriggan underwesr.

JAMES H. AIKEN & Co., 100 Fifth ave.

WHAT THEY THINK

Sentiment of the Labor Press on Carnegie's Wage Reduction.

ALL THE JOURNALS DENOUNCE IT.

One Congratulates the Courage of the Great Iron Firm.

SIGNIFICANT COMING AT THIS TIME

The heavy reduction in wages proposed by Carnegie, Phipps & Co. in introducing their new sliding scale of wages at Homestead published in THE DISPATCH the other day, has caused considerable com-ment. All of the leading labor papers have editorials on the subject this week, and

some of them are appended:
The American Manufacturer has a lengthy editorial on the subject. The main points

are as follows:

are as follows:

The action of Carnegie, Phipps & Co., Lim., relative to wages at their Homestead Steel Works is most important and significant. It is in several respects a wide departure from methods that have been in vogue in the fron and steel mills of Pittsburg and the country, and should the outcome be its adoption either in its entirety or practically as presented it will have an important and determining influence upon wages in the iron industry and the method of deciding what shall be paid.

We have not seen the scales, and cannot therefore say of our own knowledge that this firm has been thus courageous, but it is asserted that they have. If this is not a radical change in Pittsburg, nothing is radical. Whether the rates asked are fair or not, can only be judged by those acquainted with all the facts. One thing is true, such a demand shows a courage that it has been questioned whether any Pittsburg manufacturer possessed. At any rate, it is a most decided protest against the policy which has heretofore placed Pittsburg manufacturers at a disadvantage in wages.

CHARGED TO PRINCIPLE.

CHARGED TO PRINCIPLE. In speaking of the competitors of Carnegie, Phipps & Co. and the new scale, the National Glass Budget says:

National Glass Budget says:

All this trouble is directly chargeable to their set principle to pay less wages than other firms. If Carnegie's proposed reduction brings on a long fight at Homestead, it will be indirectly due to the policy of his competitors. That policy leads to social disorders, and is bound to create a dangerous, revengetul feeling. It fosters anarchy. It is a more dangerous assault upon the peace of the community than that of which the strikers are alleged to be guilty. But our present laws do not take any notice of this course. While the assault upon property would be deemed worthy of the severest punishment, the assault upon wages is taken as a matter of course.

Secretary Martin, of the Amalgameted

Secretary Martin, of the Amalgamated Association, has this to say in the Labor Tribune:

The apparent hubbub caused by the proposed reduction in the wages of the Home-etead employes of Carnegie, Phipps & Co., is really unnecessary. The worst feature of the notice is the coercive threat it carries—that the new scale must be signed by June 1, or new men will be secured to take the places of the present workmen when their present scale contract with the firm expires, July 1, next. Just reverse that and see how it works. Suppose the firm had an abundance of works. Suppose the firm had an abundance of orders and were under contract to deliver so many thousand tons of steel per month, and the Amalgamated Association knowing this to be a fact, would formulate a new scale for the entire plant, advancing the wages of the men, say, on an average, 25 per cent,

THE NEW SCALE

to be given to the firm about the middle of May, as the Association's ultimatum, coupled with a demand that the scale must be acceded to be by June 1 or the mill would close down by July 1. Would that be doing justice to the firm? Certainly not. And to make a similar demand on the men is by no means justifiable on the part of the firm. This depriving the men of one full month (June) in which to discuss the proposition with the firm is, to say the least,

coercion in its worst form.

The Commoner and Glass Worker says editorially: Andrew Carnegie has shown the cloven hoof again. To the general public the official an-

Andrew Carnegie has shown the cloven hoof again. To the general public the official aunouncement that he proposed a sliding scale to "his men" at Homestead was a tremendous surprise, but the renders of the Commoner and Glass Worker will remember without trouble the repeated statements in this paper just after the Braddock strike was settled a year ago, that he proposed to give his Braddock sliding scale to his Homestead men. Carnegie means just what he says, and as there is no doubt that the men will refuse anything but the Amalgamated scale which will be arranged at the Amalgamated convention next mouth, a struggle is sure to follow. Carnegie's plan of action will be to shut down the mill, fill what orders he can at his other mills or at other mills, and after two or three months of idleness (believing as he does in hungry stomachs as a settler for labor troubles), he will attempt to start up and make every individual who goes to work sign his sliding scale as an individual, and thus repudiate his labor organization.

LATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

-A sharp frost has effected considerable damage in Indiana.

—Judge Williams, Democrat, has been elected to the Illinois seat in Congress made vacant by the death of Representative Townshend. His majority is 4,000, an increase of 3,000.

His majority is 4,000, an increase of 3,000.

—The yawl lifeboat Neversink, which sailed from Boston last Monday for Havre, France, was sighted at 10 A. M. Wednesday about 18 miles north of Highland Light, steering due east and making rapid progress.

—At the session of the General Council of the Reformed Episcopal Church, in Boston, yesterday, it was voted that when the council adjourn it be to meet in the Church of the Epiphany, Cleveland, O., two years hence.

Prof. Webster of Charles City, Love.

—Prof. Webster, of Charles City, Iowa, who investigated the ancient mounds near that place a few weeks ago, has just finished opening five mounds near Bradford, in Chrickasaw county. He found in them 13 fairly well precounty. He found served skeletons.

served skeletons.

-The direct examination of President Cotterill, of the defunct Electric Sugar Company, in the trial of ex-Parson William E. Howard, for swindling that company out of \$6,500, was continued in New York yesterday. There was nothing especially new in his testimony.

-The steamer James Watt, which arrived at Detter yesterday from Guantanome, reports

-1nd steamer James Watt, which arrived at Boston, yesterday, from Guantanomo, reports that on May 22, in latitude 39° 63' north, longi-tude 70° 31' west, she passed the United States sloop of war Yante with loss of foremast and jibboom. She was steering north by west, and probably heading for New York. Grand Marshal Henry W. Knight, who will have charge of the Decoration Day parade in Brooklyn, has announced his official programme, and states positively that President Harrison will review the line from a grand stand to be erected at Washington Park. It is expected that nearly 40,000 men will turn ont.

that nearly 40,000 men will turn out.

—While the carsman Charles E. Courtney was coaching the Cornell University eight at Ithaca, N. Y., yesterday, he discovered a human body fast in the mud at the bottom of the Cayuga inlet. The body was recovered and proved to be the remains of Wilhe Letts, aged 9, who had been missing since Wednesday. This is the third body recovered by Courtney.

—Bishop Vladimir denies the existence of any Nihilist conspiracy on the Pacific coast. He helieves that the church was set on fire for the purpose of plunder, or by some person with a private spite to gratify. The fact that several valuable gold and silver vessels are missing lends color to the robbery theory. Hishop Vladimir states that there is no truth in any of the sensational statements printed in several papers.

—The Rev. E. C. Towne has opened up on

—The Rev. E. C. Towne has opened up on Mr. Chauncey M. Depew again, this time in a letter published at Boston, in which, after correcting some statements made by the Centennial orator, he says: "If Mr. Depew had taken my advice not to be content with a fine speech for a day, but to aim at a contribution to the literature of memorial eloquence, he would, by the use of my material, have risen as much above Bishop Potter's simple yet admirable address as he did in fact fall below it."

—The soldiers were called out here yesterden.

dress as he did in fact fall below it."

—The soldiers were called out here yesterday for the first time since the opening of Oklahoma, and for several hours the city of Guthrie was practically under martial law. Recently the Council passed an ordinance empowering the Marshal to eject every person whose claim for a lot had been rejected by the Arbitration Board. This put into execution would affect over 1,000 persons. The city government made a test case, but the Marshal was driven away by a mob of over 1,200 persons. Last night soldiers guarded the principal streets, and more trouble is anticipated when the work of ejectment is resumed.

BEECHAM'S Pills cure billous and nervous ills PEARS' Soap secures a beautiful complexion

SEINES, nets, tents, fishing tackle-largest assortment—lowest prices. Call or write for price list. J. H. JOHNSTON, TTSSU 706 Smithfield street.

ROBERT BROWNING -Olive Wes-

TOO MANY CATTLE.

Languishing Condition of One of the Argentine Republic's Grenteht Industries -A Government Bounty

to the Rescue. WASHINGTON, May 24.-E. L. Baker, United States Consul at Buenos Ayres, in a report to the Department of State, says that the cattle industry of the Argentine Republie is in such a languishing condition that a law has been passed offering a guaranty of 5 per cent for ten years on the capital em-ployed in the business of exporting fresh or preserved beaf. The report says it is under-stood that several establishments are preparing to take advantage of the guaranty provided by the Government, and are going

provided by the Government, and are going into business on a large scale, with special steamers fitted up for the traffic and warehouses in England and France.

Great things are expected from this bounty law by the Argentines, but Consul Baker says he does not believe the law will hart United States beef law will hart United States beef shippers much until new methods are adopted for the preparation of beef for exportation. Stall-fed eattle are quite unknown in the country, and all bullocks for the market are taken directly off the grass, the meat, of course, being soft and watery. The Argentines, it is thought, will not cut much of a figure until they learn that dry food is absolutely necessary in order to we food is absolutely necessary in order to pre-pare fresh meat for very distant foreign

markets.

The total number of sheep in the Argentine Republic is estimated at 80,000,000, and of horned cattle at 20,000,000. It has been customary to slaughter the surplus cattle and keep the stock down by the preparation of jerked beef for Brazil and Cuba, and the shipment of the bones and tallow to Europe. These shipments have been steadily decreasing in the past ten years, and the stock of horned cattle has increased from 15,000, 000 to 30,000,000 head.

Ten years ago nearly 500,000 cattle were shughtered annually in the province of Buenos Ayres alone. Last year the number did not exceed 100,000, and many slaughtering establishments have been compelled to close up. The cattle industry has also become greatly depressed from this diminished demand abroad, and the value of the carcasses of horned cattle has fallen from \$12 to \$20 a head, until they are now a drug in the market at from \$3 to \$6 a head, or little more than the value of the hide. It was in response to the frantic appeals of the cattle men that something be done to stimulate their industry that the law was enacted giving a bounty to fresh beef exporting es-

dollar a pound it is, therefore, at once the most costly and economical cocoa on the market. All leading grocers and druggists sell it.

U. S. DEPOT. 35 MERCER ST., NEW YORK. GEO. K. STEVENSON & CO., Agents.



To cure Mrs. Thomas Hatton, and she suffered on for 13 years. The aches and pains which she experienced in almost every part of her body was simply terrible. Those sharp, cutting pains across the small of her back and lower part of her body was almost unbearable. In fact she suffered with all those diseases and conditions peculiar to women. For three months her mind was unbalanced, and for months she was confined to her bed. She became very weak and emaciated, so that she only weighed 85 pounds. No one expected her to live, much less get entirely cured. After receiving three months' treatment with the physicians of the Catarrh and Dyspeysia Institute, 323 Penn avenue, who make a specialty of her disease, she says:

"I never want any one to suffer as I have for the past 13 years. The condition of my case was much worse than has been described, and I am only too glad to testify to my complete cure by the doctors of the Catarrh and Dyspepsia institute.

"MRS. THOMAS HATTON Putnam Pa." 15 DOCTORS FAILED

pepsia institute.
"MRS. THOMAS HATTON, Putnam, Pa,"

"MRS.THOMAS HATTON, Putnam, Pa."

Please remember that the physicians of the Catarrh and Dyspepsia Institute never display their patient's portraits in the papers. Neither do they publish any testimonial, except with the full consent or wish of the patient. Furthermore, their testimonials are not from some far off place where no such parties reside, but from your own county and your own city, with the full name and address given, thus proving their genuineness. The Catrrth and Dyspepsia Institute is thoroughly established in Pittsbure, and thousands of patients cladly testify to cures they have received. The treatment used does not consist of the so-called magnetic, or superhumanagencies, but medicines made from roots and herbs, and compounded to suit the requirements of each individual case, thus removing not only the disease, but the cause of the disease as well. Ninety-five out of every hundred of the patients treated at this Institute are those suffering from Catarrh, which is the certain forerunner of consumption. The testimonials published speak for themselves. They treat successfully Catarrh. Rheumatsm. Dyspepsia, Bronchitts, Asthma, Blood, Kidney and Female Diseases.

Office bours, 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and 6 to 8 P.

UNABLE TO HOLD ON

A Pittsburg Steel Molder Who Had to Leave at the Last.

A VERY NOTABLE CONFESSION

"To stop work was a serious matter for me, but I had to do it. I was really driven

The speaker, Mr. Morris Meany, a young molder at the Pittsburg Steel Casting Foundry on Twenty-sixth street, spoke with that simple earnestness that characterizes all those who, not being great talkers, when they do speak are accustomed to being listened to as having something of interest

or importance to say.
"I was entirely broken down," he continued, "and felt as if there wasn't much hope. It had extended so far that I had little strength or ambition left. How did it begin? Well, I can hardly say. It was my head in the first place. My nostrils would stop up; first one, then the other. Sometimes they would discharge. There would be a dull pain in my forehead; my eyes would get dim and watery; there would be sounds like ringing or roaring in my ears and my hearing seemed to get poor.

"My throat gave me no end of trouble. I would be constantly hawking and hemming to clear it of the mucus and phlegm. It would feel raw and inflamed, and my voice would get husky. Sometimes I could not speak above a whisper. There was a continual dropping back of matter from my head.



better, and from that on I steadily grew stronger and better. The cough, the night sweats and the pains in my chest disappeared. My head and throat became clear and well. In the third week I was able to go to work again. In these weeks I gained over four pounds in flesh. I am working regularly now. I feel strong and well, as if I had taken a new lease on life. I owe my recovery entirely to Drs. Copeland and Blair, and I am very glad to make this statement of what they have done for me." for me."
Mr. Meany lives, as stated, at 2908 Mulberry street, and this interview can easily be verified.

VERY PLAIN TALK.

Showing the Outline of a Route Which is Often Followed. When a person with a delicate constitution has a tendency to estarrh or consumption-whether this tendency is inherited or results from taking cold easily— it is noticeable that that person invariably

loses flesh and loses strength, showing that the nutrition is interfered with. In such a case the sufferer should at once be placed under influences that will restore the defective nutrition and tend to invig-

orate the constitution.
It is to be remembered that in every case the presence of catarrh is an evidence of predisposition to consumption, and no matter how slight the attack may be, it should be treated with the greatest care, and the treatment should be continued until all traces of the catarrh have disappeared.

If the catarrh is allowed to reach the If the catarrh is allowed to reach the smallest tubes in the lung—which condition is indicated by the spitting up of a yellow material—then immediate attention to the malady is demanded, or serious lung trouble will result.

Catarrh is, nine times out of tey, the cause that produces consumption, and hence no one can afford to neglect a case of catarrh, however slight. It is easily cured, if taken in time, and treated regularly and correctly by a specialist. If left to itself it is rarely cured without a change of climate, but, with each new cold, it gets more and more troublesome, extending gets more and more troblesome extending always a little deeper into the lungs, until a cure becomes difficult and sometimes impossi-ble.

DOCTORS

Are located permanently at 66 SIXTH AVE.,

Where they treat with success all curable cases. Office hours-9 to 11 A. M.; 2 to 5 P. M.; 7 to 9 P. M. (Sunday included).
Specialties—CATARRH, and ALL DIS-EASES of the EYE, EAR, THROAT and LUNGS. ultation, \$1 00. Address all mail to

DRS. COPELAND & BLAIR,

NOTABLE LOCAL INDORSEMENT—The practice here of Drs. Copeland & Blair is with the expressed salection and approval of the Western Pennsylvania Medical College, of Pittsburg, and the diplomas of both physicians bear the formal written indorsement of the dean and faculty of that institution.

myl8-russu

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DO YOU

THEN GET

The Best Finzer's

Honesty.

Genuine has a red H tin tag on every plug.

OLD HONESTY is acknowledged to be the PUREST and MOST LASTING piece of STANDARD CHEWING TOBACCO on the market. Trying it is a better test than any talk about it. Give it a fair trial.

YOUR DEALER HAS IT.

ON THE VERGE OF DESPAIR. MR. GEO. T. HARTREY'S EXPE-

RIENCE Another Patient Whom the Physicians Failed to Help

Cured by Dr. Smith, the Magnetic Physician, at 502 Penn Avenue.

The Boston shed predicts and the statement of the service of the statement of the statement of the service of the statement of the service of the service of the statement of the service of the statement of the service of the servic

Dr. Smith is permanently located at 502 Penn avenue, where everybody can go from 9 A. M. till 7 P. M. The doctor consults free and cures after all other means fail. He treats every form of disease known to humanity. Go to 502 Penn avenue and consult him if you wish to get well. Letters of inquiry must contain two stamps, myl9 DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit Positively Cured by Administoring Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

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